



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: XII Accountancy	Department: Commerce
Worksheet No: 2	Topic: ACCOUNTING FOR PARTNERSHIP FIRMS – FUNDAMENTALS

1. X and Y share profits and losses in the ratio of 2:1. They admit Z as partner with 1/4 share in profits with a guarantee that his share of profit shall be at least Rs. 50,000. The net profit of the firm for the year ending March 31, 2022 was Rs. 3, 20,000. Prepare Profit and Loss Appropriation Account.

2. P and Q were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio 3:2. On 1st April, 2022 they admitted R as a new partner for 1/8th share in the profits with a guaranteed profit of Rs. 1,50,000. Any deficiency on account of guarantee to R will be borne in the ratio of 3:2. The profit for the year ended 31st March, 2023 was Rs. 9,00,000.

Prepare Profit and Loss Appropriation Account for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and pass adjusting entry.

3. P, Q & R are partners sharing profits in the ratio of 6:4:1. R is guaranteed a minimum profit of ₹ 4,00,000. The firm incurred a loss of ₹44,00,000 for the year ended 31st March, 2021. Pass necessary entries and prepare P & L Appropriation A/c.

4. A, B and C were partners in a firm. On 1st April, 2021 the balance in their capital accounts stood at Rs. 8,00,000, Rs. 6,00,000 and Rs. 4,00,000 respectively. As per the provisions of the partnership deed, partners were entitled to interest on capital @ 5% p.a., salary to B Rs. 3,000 per month and a commission of Rs. 12,000 to C. A's share of profit, excluding interest on capital, was guaranteed at Rs. 25,000 p.a. B's share of profit, including interest on capital but excluding salary was guaranteed at Rs. 60,000 p.a. Any deficiency arising on that account was to be met by C. The profits of the firm for the year ending 31st March, 2022 amounted to Rs. 2,16,000.

Prepare Profit and Loss Appropriation Account for the year ending 31st March, 2022.

5. Jane, Sarah and Karan were partners of an architect firm sharing profits in the ratio of 2:2:1. Their partnership deed provided the following:

(i) A monthly salary of Rs. 15,000 each to Jane and Sarah.

(ii) Karan was guaranteed a profit of Rs. 5,00,000 and Jane guaranteed that he will earn an annual fee of Rs. 2,00,000. Any deficiency arising because of guarantee to Karan will be borne by Jane and Sarah in the ratio of 3:2.

During the year ended 31st March, 2022 Jane earned fee of Rs. 1,75,000 and the profits of the firm amounted to Rs. 15,00,000.

Showing your workings clearly prepare Profit and Loss Appropriation Account and the Capital Account for the year ended 31st March, 2022.

6. The partners of a firm, A, B and C distributed the profits for the year ended 31st March, 2022, ₹ 80,000 in the ratio of 3:3:2 without providing for the following adjustments:

a) A and C were entitled to a salary of ₹ 1,500 each p.m.

b) B was entitled for a salary of ₹ 4,000 p.a.

Pass the necessary Journal entry for the above adjustments in the books of the firm. Show workings clearly.

7. A and B are partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 7:3. Their fixed capitals were: A Rs. 9,00,000 and B Rs. 4,00,000. The partnership deed provided the following:

(i) Interest on capital @ 10% p.a.

(ii) A's salary Rs. 50,000 per year and B's salary Rs. 3,000 per month.

Profit for the year ended 31st March, 2022 Rs. 2,78,000 was distributed without providing for interest on capital and partners' salary.

Showing your working clearly, pass the necessary adjustment entry for the above omissions.

8. On 31st March, 2022, the balance in the capital accounts of Asha, Nisha and Disha after making adjustments of profits and drawings were Rs. 1,50,000, Rs. 1,20,000 and Rs. 90,000 respectively. Subsequently, it was discovered that interest on capital and interest on drawings had been omitted. The partners were entitled to interest on capital @ 10% p.a. Interest on drawings was also to be charged @ 10% p.a. The drawings during the year were: Asha Rs. 50,000, Nisha Rs. 60,000 and Disha Rs. 30,000. The net profit for the year ending 31st March, 2022 amounted to Rs. 1,00,000. The profit-sharing ratio was 2:2:1. Pass the necessary adjustment entry. Also show your workings clearly.

9. Mudit, Sudhir and Uday are partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 3:1:1. Their fixed capital balances are ₹ 4,00,000, ₹ 1,60,000 and ₹ 1,20,000 respectively. Net profit for the year ended 31st March, 2022 distributed amongst the partners was ₹ 1,00,000, without considering the following adjustments:

a) Interest on capitals @ 2.5% p.a.;

b) Salary to Mudit ₹ 18,000 p.a. and commission to Uday ₹ 12,000

c) Mudit was allowed a commission of 6% of divisible profit after charging such commission. Pass a rectifying journal entry in the books of the firm. Show workings clearly.

10. A, B and C were partners in a firm. On 1st April, 2022, their capitals stood at Rs. 4,00,000, Rs. 3,00,000 and Rs. 2,00,000 respectively. As per the provisions of the partnership deed

(i) A was entitled to a salary of Rs. 5,000 per month.

(ii) Partners were entitled to interest on capital @ 10% p.a.

The net profit for the year ended 31st March, 2023, Rs. 3,00,000 was divided among the partners without providing for the above items.

Showing your working clearly, pass an adjustment entry to rectify the above error.

11. Rajiv and Sanjeev were partners in a firm. Their partnership deed provided that the profits shall be divided as follows:

First Rs. 20,000 to Rajeev and the balance in the ratio of 4:1.

The profits for the year ended 31st March, 2022 were Rs. 60,000 which had been distributed among the partners. On 1-4-2021 their capitals were Rajeev Rs. 90,000 and Sanjeev Rs. 80,000. Interest on capital was to be provided @ 6% p.a. While preparing the profit and loss appropriation interest on capital was omitted.

Pass necessary rectifying entry for the same. Show your workings clearly.

12. Suman and Sudha were partners in a firm sharing profits equally. Their fixed capitals were Rs. 50,000 and Rs. 25,000 respectively. The partnership deed provided interest on capital at the rate of 12% p.a. For the year ended 31st March, 2022, the profits of the firm were distributed without providing interest on capital.

Pass necessary adjustment entry to rectify the error.

13. Praveen, Sahil and Riya are partners having fixed capitals of Rs. 2,00,000, Rs. 1,60,000 and Rs. 1,20,000 respectively. They share profits in the ratio of 3:1:1. The Partnership Deed provided for the following which were not recorded in the books.

a) Interest on Capital @5% p.a.

b) Salary to Praveen Rs. 1,500 per month and to Riya Rs. 1,000 per month.

c) Transfer of profit to General Reserve Rs. 10,000. Net profit for the year ended 31st March, 2023 was Rs. 1,00,000.

Pass necessary adjustment entry to rectify the error.

14. Himanshu and Vikrant are partners in a firm and share profits equally. Their Balance Sheet as on March 31, 2023 is as follows:

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Capitals:		Fixed Assets	3,60,000
Himanshu 2,00,000		Current Assets	40,000
Vikrant <u>1,40,000</u>			
	3,40,000		
Creditors	60,000		
	<u>4,00,000</u>		<u>4,00,000</u>

During the year 2022-23, Himanshu's Drawings were Rs. 30,000 and Vikrant's Drawings were Rs. 40,000 and the firm earned profits of Rs. 1,00,000. While distributing profits interest on capital @ 5 % per annum and interest on drawings @ 12 % per annum were ignored.

Showing your workings clearly, pass necessary rectifying entry.

15. The partners of a firm, A, B and C distributed the profits for the year ended 31st March, 2022, ₹80,000 in the ratio of 3:3:2 without providing for the following adjustments:

a) A and C were entitled to a salary of ₹ 1,500 each p.a.

b) B was entitled for a commission of ₹ 4,000

c) B and C had guaranteed a minimum profit of ₹ 35,000 p.a. to A any deficiency to borne equally by B and C

Pass the necessary Journal entry for the above adjustments in the books of the firm. Show workings clearly.

16. Ajay, Binay and Chetan were partners sharing profits in the ratio of 3:3:2. The partnership deed provided for the following:

(a) Salary of Rs. 2,000 per quarter to Ajay and Binay.

(b) Chetan was entitled to a Commission of Rs. 8,000

(c) Binay was guaranteed a profit of Rs. 50,000 p.a.

The profit of the firm for the year ended 31st March, 2023 was Rs. 1,50,000 which was distributed among Ajay, Binay and Chetan in the ratio of 2:2:1, without taking into consideration the provisions of the partnership deed. Pass rectifying entry for the above adjustments in the books of the firm.